

### **EUROPEAN COMMISSION**

HEALTH AND CONSUMERS DIRECTORATE-GENERAL

Health systems and products

Medicinal products – quality, safety and efficacy

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TECHNICAL GUIDANCE ON THE FORMAT OF THE DATA FIELDS OF RESULT-RELATED INFORMATION ON CLINICAL TRIALS SUBMITTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 57(2) OF REGULATION (EC) NO 726/2004 AND ARTICLE 41(2) OF REGULATION (EC) NO 1901/2006

Document history:	
Date of closure of public consultation	30 September 2010
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### Introduction

In its Guidance 2012/C302/03 on posting and publication of result-related information on clinical trials in relation to the implementation of Article 57(2) of Regulation (EC) No 726/2004 and Article 41(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006<sup>1</sup> the Commission has announced, under point 3., publication of implementing technical guidance on the format of the data fields in relation to result-related information.

This document contains this implementing technical guidance. It provides a visual representation of the clinical trial results data that is required to be captured by EudraCT. It also provides details of how the fields are organised.

Results may be displayed EU Clinical Trials register in a different visual representation.

This document does not describe the user interface design for entry of results data in EudraCT.

For additional regulatory information, reference is made to the Commission Guidance 2012/C302/03.

Technical information on EudraCT is available at <a href="https://eudract.ema.europa.eu/index.html">https://eudract.ema.europa.eu/index.html</a>.

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OJ C302, 6.10.2012, p. 7.

#### Clinical Trial Results - contents:

#### Trial information:

Study identification

Identifiers

Sponsor details

Paediatric regulatory details

Result analysis stage

General Information about the trial

Population of trial subjects with actual number of subjects included in the

### trial

## Subject disposition:

Recruitment

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Post Assignment Periods

### **Baseline Characteristics:**

Baseline Characteristics (Required) Age

Baseline Characteristics (Required) Gender

Baseline Characteristics (Optional) Study Specific Characteristic

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Statistical Analyses

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Adverse events information

Adverse event reporting group

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Global Substantial Amendments

Global Interruptions and re-starts

Limitations & Caveats

Trial information form					<b>EMA</b>
Title of trial					
Full Title of the trial					
Trial Identifiers					
EudraCT Number O			Sponsor Protocol Co	de	
		Other Tria	ll Identifiers		
Other Identifier name	ISRCTN Number	NCT Number	WHO Universal Trial Reference Number (UTRN)		
Other Identifier					
Sponsor					
Organisation Name					
Street Address			Town/City		

Country

# Contact Points - Scientific Contact Point

Post code

Functional name of contact point		Name of organisation	
Telephone number			
Email address			
Contact Points - Public contact point	nt ②		
Functional name of contact point		Name of organisation	
Telephone number			
Email address			
Paediatric regulatory details			
Is trial part of a Paediatric Investigation Plan?	[Circle one] Yes/No		
EMA Paediatric Investigation Plans			
Does article 45 REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial?	[Circle one] Yes/No	Does article 46 REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial?	[Circle one] Yes/No

# Result analysis stage

Primary completion date reached?	[Circle one] Yes/No	Primary completion date	
Analysis stage	[Circle one] Interim; Final	Date of interim/final analysis	
Global end of trial reached?	[Circle one] Yes/No	Date of global end of trial	

# General information about trial

Main objective of the trial	
Actual date of start of recruitment to the protocol (in any country)	
Long term follow up planned	[Circle one] Yes/No Follow up planning rationale
Long term follow up duration	Value: Unit: [Select one] Months; Years
Independent Data-Monitoring Committee (IDMC) involvement	[Circle one] Yes/No
Protection of subjects ③	
Background therapy ④	
Evidence for comparator(s)	

Actual number of subjects included in the trial

# Actual number of subjects included in each Country concerned

Country					
Number of subjects					

## For multinational trials

Г	Actual number of subjects included in	[Derived from table above]
	the EEA	
	Actual number of subjects included	[Derived from table above]
	worldwide	

# Age Group Breakdown for the whole trial

Age of subjects	Number of Subjects
In Utero	
Preterm newborn- gestational age < 37 wk	
Newborns (0-27days)	
Infants and toddlers (28days – 23months)	
Children (2-11 years)	
Adolescents (12-17 year)	
Between 18 and 65 years	
From 65 years to 84 years	

# 85 years and over

- ① The EudraCT number cannot be amended
- ② The public contact and scientific contact points may be the same as each other.
- ③ A description of the actual measures taken to protect subjects.
- ④ Details such as the dosage and frequency plus any other relevant information should be captured here.

Culinat diamonities forms	EMA
Subject disposition form	<b>EMA</b>

Recruitment Details ①	
Screening Details ②	

Pre-Assignment Period Title: Pre-Assignment Period

	Number of Subjects
STARTED	
Milestone Title ③	
Milestone Title ③	
COMPLETED	
Reason Not Completed	[Derived: started – completed]
Adverse event, not serious	
Adverse event, serious fatal	
Adverse event, serious non-fatal	
Consent withdrawn by subject	

	Physician decision	
Pregnancy		
	Protocol Violation	
Other Reason 4		
Other Reason @		

- ① Key information relevant to the recruitment process for the overall study, such as dates of the recruitment period and types of location (e.g. medical clinic), to provide context.
- ② Screening details are required if the results will not contain a pre-assignment period.
- ③ Add as many Milestone Title. A descriptive title for each row is required.
- ④ Add as many other reason not completed rows as needed. A descriptive title for each row is required.

Period ①	Title: Title Name:_	Baseline Period	: Yes/No [Circle one
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Blinding	[Circle one] Double blind; Single blind; Not applicable	Roles blinded ②	[Circle any] Subject; Investigator; Monitor; Data analyst; Carer; Assessor
Blinding implementation details			
Allocation Method	[Circle one] Randomised – controlled; Non-rand	domised – controlled;	Not applicable

Arm Title ③				TOTAL
Arm Description ④				
	Number of Subjects	Number of Subjects	Number of Subjects	Number of Subjects
STARTED				[Derived: total STARTED]
Milestone Title ⑤				[Derived: total Milestone]
Milestone Title ⑤				[Derived: total Milestone]
COMPLETED				[Derived: total COMPLETED]
Reason Not Completed ®				
Adverse event, not serious				[Derived: total for reason]
Adverse event, serious fatal				[Derived: total for reason]
Adverse event, serious non-fatal				[Derived: total for reason]

Consent withdrawn by subject		[Derived: total for reason]
Lack of Efficacy		[Derived: total for reason]
Lost to follow-up		
Physician decision		[Derived: total for reason]
Pregnancy		[Derived: total for reason]
Protocol Violation		[Derived: total for reason]
Transferred to other arm/group		[Derived: total for reason]
Other Reason ⑦		[Derived: total for reason]
Other Reason ⑦		[Derived: total for reason]
Reasons for joining		
Transferred in from other arm/group		[Derived: total for reason]
Late recruitment		[Derived: total for reason]
Other reason ®		[Derived: total for reason]
Other reason ®		[Derived: total for reason]

① Complete a period table for each period you wish to report. Provide a descriptive title for each reported period.

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{\mathfrak{D}}$  If blinding is single or double, then the roles blinded must be specified.

③ Arms are created on the next form. Only the Arm title and description will be displayed on the Subject disposition form

- ④ Arm Description provides more details about the Arm.
- ⑤ Add as many Milestone Titles as necessary. A descriptive title for each row is required.
- (6) Use only the most appropriate reason for not completing in each case and do not double count.
- ⑦ Add as many other reason not completed rows as needed. A descriptive title for each row is required.
- ® Add as many other reasons for joining the Arm as needed. A descriptive title for each row is required.

Arm Title	
Arm Description ②	
Arm Type	[Circle one] Experimental; Active Comparator; Placebo Comparator; No IMP; Other (specify):
Products used @	

#### **Products used 3**

IMP Name	
IMP Code	
Other names (separated by commas)	
Route of Administration ④	Select any number of terms from the human domain of the EUTCT List
Pharmaceutical Form ⑤	Select any number of terms from the human domain of the EUTCT List
Dosage and Administration Details ®	

① This form is used to create the Arms used as reference information in the Subject disposition details (see previous)

- ② Arm Description describes details about the arms evaluated.
- ③ Details of the products used. There may be multiple products created.
- ④ A product may have any number of Routes of Administration
- ⑤ A product may have any number of Pharmaceutical Forms
- **©** Provide any or all of the following details: the dosage and frequency of administration.

# Subject analysis sets form

**EMA** 

# Subject analysis set ①

Subject analysis set title	
Subject analysis set type	[Circle one] Intent to treat; Per protocol; Full analysis set; Safety population; Sub-group analysis set
Subject analysis set description@	
Number of subjects®	

- ① Complete a subject analysis set table for additional groups of subjects you wish to report on.
- ② Subject analysis set description that defines the population type.
- ③ Provide the number of subjects that constitute this subject analysis set.

Baseline characteristics form Age

**EMA** 

Reporting Group Title				TOTAL
Reporting Group Description ①				
Overall number of baseline subjects				[Derived: total]
Age, Categorical ②	Number of subjects	Number of subjects	Number of subjects	Number of subjects
Unit of measure Subjects	·		Ů	Ů
In Utero				[Derived: category total]
Preterm newborn- gestational age < 37 wk				[Derived: category total]
Newborns (0-27days)				[Derived: category total]
Infants and toddlers (28days – 23months)				[Derived: category total]
Children (2-11 years)				[Derived: category total]
Adolescents (12-17 year)				[Derived: category total]
From 18 - 64 years				[Derived: category total]
From 65 – 84 years				[Derived: category total]
Over 85 years				[Derived: category total]

Age, Continuous	Measure type	Dispersion type	Measure type	Dispersion type	Measure type	Dispersion type	
	[Circle One]	[Circle One]	[Circle One]	[Circle One]	[Circle One]	[Circle One]	
	[Circle One]	[Circle One]	[Circle One]	[Circle One]	[Circle One]	[Circle One]	
	arithmetic mean,	standard deviation,	arithmetic mean,	standard deviation,	arithmetic mean,	standard deviation,	
	geometric mean,	interquartile range,	geometric mean,	interquartile range,	geometric mean,	interquartile range,	
	least squares mean,	range,	least squares mean,	range,	least squares mean,	range,	
	log mean,	sample min/max.	log mean,	sample min/max.	log mean,	sample min/max.	
	median.		median.		median.		
Unit of measure							

① Reporting group description contains details about the group of subjects receiving treatment.

②The age categories above are the default categories that match the protocol details in the clinical trial application. However, any age categorisation can be used.

Reporting group title				TOTAL
Reporting group description ①				
Overall number of baseline subjects				[Derived: total]
Gender, female, male ②	Number of subjects	Number of subjects	Number of subjects	Number of subjects
Unit of measure Subjects				
Female				[Derived: category total]
Male				[Derived: category total]

① Reporting group description contains details about the group of subjects receiving treatment.

② At least one Gender baseline measure (female, male or Customised) is required

Study specific characteristic title	
Baseline measure description	

Reporting group title								TOTAL ④	
Reporting group description ①									
Overall number	of baseline subjects							[Derived: total]	
Unit of Measure		Measure type	Dispersion type	Measure type	Dispersion type	Measure type	Dispersion type	Measure type	Dispersion type
		[Circle One]	[Circle One] ②	[Circle One]	[Circle One] ②	[Circle One]	[Circle One] ②		
		arithmetic mean,	standard deviation,	arithmetic mean,	standard deviation,	arithmetic mean,	standard deviation,		
		geometric mean,	interquartile range,	geometric mean,	interquartile range,	geometric mean,	interquartile range,		
		least squares mean,	range,	least squares mean,	range,	least squares mean,	range,		
		log mean,	sample min/max.	log mean,	sample min/max.	log mean,	sample min/max.		
		median.		median,		median.			
		Number	of subjects	Number	of subjects	Number	of subjects	Number	of subjects

Category Title ③			[Derived: category total]
Category Title ③			[Derived: category total]
Category Title ③			[Derived: category total]

- ① Reporting group description contains details about the group of subjects receiving treatment.
- ② A single number should be entered for all dispersion types in this table.
- ③ Add as many Categories as needed if the data can be categorised.
- ④ The total group is only relevant to categorical data.

End points form EMA

End Point Type [C	Circle one	Primary	Secondary	Other Pre-specified	Post-Hoc
End Point Title					
End Point Description [Max. 999	9 characters]				
End Point Time Frame characters]	[Max. 255				
Arm(s)/Subjects analysis sets		Select from	the Arms within a Pe	eriod or Subject analysis se	ets specified above

Reporting Group Title									
Reporting Group Description ①									
Overall Number of Baseline Subjects		Comment@			Comment@			Comment@	
	Me	asure type	Dispersion / Precision type	Measure type		Dispersion / Precision type	Measure type		Dispersion / Precision type

	[Circle One]	[Circle One] ③	[Circle One]	[Circle One] ③	[Circle One]	[Circle One] ③
	number,	not applicable,	number,	not applicable,	number,	not applicable,
	arithmetic mean,	standard deviation,	arithmetic mean,	standard deviation,	arithmetic mean,	standard deviation,
Unit of Measure	least squares mean,	inter-quartile range,	least squares mean,	inter-quartile range,	least squares mean,	inter-quartile range,
	geometric mean,	range,	geometric mean,	range,	geometric mean,	range,
	log mean,	sample min/max,	log mean,	sample min/max,	log mean,	sample min/max,
	median.	standard error,	median.	standard error,	median.	standard error,
		confidence interval (percentage).		confidence interval (percentage).		confidence interval (percentage).
Category Title ⑤		4		4		•
Category Title ⑤		4		4		4

# **Graphical Representation**

Upload images containing the graphical representation relevant to the End point.

- ① Reporting group description contains details about the group of subjects receiving treatment.
- ② A comment explaining why the number of subjects for the variable differs to the number of subjects in the selected arm.
- ③ "Not applicable" Dispersion/Precision type should not be used only when Measure type is not "number".
- ① Numeric lower and upper values should be entered when precision type is a "confidence interval". A single number should be entered for all other Dispersion/Precision types.
- ⑤ Add as many categories as needed if the end point can be categorised.

# Below is the definition of the statistical analysis details for this variable Statistical Analysis of End Point ①

Statistical analysis title			Analysis Type Comment	[Circle one] Non-Inferiority; Equivalence; Superiority; Other
Statistical analysis description				
Comparison group	Omnibus analysis: [Circle one] All reporting	g groups, All subject an	alysis sets	Selection of Reporting groups: ②
Number of subjects	[Value is derived: sum of subjects from groups	s/subject analysis sets]		
Analysis specification	[Circle one] Pre-specified; Post hoc			
		Statistical hypothe	esis test	
P-value	[Circle one] = $<$ $\leq$ $>$ $\geq$ ③	Value:	Comment @	
Method				-Haenszel; Fisher Exact; Kruskal-Wallis; Logrank; Mantel-Haenszel Logistic; Sign Test; t-Test 1-sided; t-Test 2-sided; Wilcoxon (Mann-
[Required if P-value provided]	Whitney); Other method name: (specify)			
		Parameter Esti	mate	

Point estimate													
Confidence interval	Level	95%;	90%;	Other:	%	Sides	[Circle one]	1 2	Lower limit		Upper limit		
Parameter type	(Final Va	rcle one] Cox Proportional Hazard; Hazard Ratio(HR); Hazard Ratio Log, Mean Difference (Final Values); Mean Difference (Net); Median Difference (Net); Odds Ratio (OR); Odds Ratio log; Risk Difference (RD); Risk Ratio (RR); Risk Ratio log; Slope her effect estimate: (specify)											
Variability estimate	[Circle o	one] Star	ndard Deviat	tion; Standard E	rror of the	Mean	Dispersion \	/alue					

- ① Add any number of statistical analyses for each end point as required.
- ② Select the reporting groups from those included in the end point that are relevant to this statistical analysis if an omnibus analysis is not being performed.
- ③ Prefix the P-value with a comparison operator.
- 4 This field contains additional information about the P-value such as whether it is adjusted for multiple comparisons and a priori threshold for statistical significance.

Adverse Events Form EMA

Time Frame for Adverse Event Reporting [max 255 characters]						
Adverse Event Reporting Additional Description [max 350 characters]						
Dictionary Used ①	Dictionar y Name	[Circle One] MedDRA; Other:(specify)	SNOMED CT;	Dictionary Version		
Method	[Circle one] Systematic	Systematic;	Non-		d for reporting non- us adverse events ②	%

#### Serious adverse events

Reporting Group Title		
Reporting Group Description ③		
Number of subjects exposed		
Number of subjects affected by serious adverse events		

non-ad Numbe	verse evr of dear	aths (all ca	uses)												
Serious	Adver	se Events													
System Organ Class	Event Term	Additional Description	Dictionary	Number of Subjects affected	Number of Subjects exposed	Event term Occurrences - all	Event Term Occurrences - causally related to the treatment	Number of Subjects  Affected	Number of Subjects exposed	Event term Occurrences - all	Event term Occurrences- causally related to the treatment	Number of Subjects  Affected	Number of Subjects exposed	Event term occurrences - all	Event term Occurrences- causally related to the treatment
					4				4				4		
					4				4				4		
					4				4				4		
					4				4				4		

	FATALITIES											
System Organ Class	Event Term		Fatalities - all	Fatalities - causally related to the treatment	Fatalities - all	Fatalities - causally related to the treatment	Fatalities - all	Fatalities - causally related to the treatment				

6				
6				
6				
6				

### Non-serious adverse events

	]	Reporting	group title												
]	Reporti	ng group d	escription												
		subjects af dverse even	fected by												
Non-se	rious A	dverse Eve	ents												
System Organ Class	Event Term	Additional Description	Dictionary	Number of Subjects  affected	Number of Subjects exposed	Event term Occurrences - all	Event Term Occurrences - causally related to the treatment	Number of Subjects  Affected	Number of Subjects exposed	Event term Occurrences - all	Event term Occurrences- causally related to the treatment	Number of Subjects Affected	Number of Subjects exposed	Event term occurrences - all	Event term Occurrences- causally related to the treatment
					4				4				4		
					4				4				4		
					4				4				4		
					4				4				4		

① The table defaults provide a short-cut for entering the dictionary used for recording all Adverse events in a study. If entered, the table default values respectively apply to any Adverse Event with a blank Dictionary name.

② The frequency of non-serious adverse events that, when exceeded within any arm or comparison group, are repo	orted in the results database for all arms or comparison groups. The number must be less than or equal to	) th
allowed maximum expressed as a percentage. For example, a threshold of 5 per cent indicates that all non-serious adver-	rse events with a frequency greater than 5 per cent within at least one arm or comparison group are reported	

- 3 Reporting group description contains details about subjects in this group.
- 4 Number of subjects exposed for a single Adverse event in a reporting group is only required when the value differs from the Total number of subjects at exposed in the reporting group.
- ⑤ The event terms used for reporting fatalities must also appear in the serious adverse events table.

More Information	EMA
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# Global Substantial Protocol Amendments ①

Amendment Date	Description			

# Global Interruptions and Restarts @

Interruption Date	Description	Restart Date

# Limitations and Caveats®

Limitations and Caveats that apply to the results			

- ① Provide details of the substantial amendments to the protocol that affected the trial globally. There may not have been any global substantial protocol amendments, so their presence is optional. However if a global substantial protocol amendment is created, then both the date and the description are necessary. There is sufficient provision to support the presence of any number of global substantial protocol amendments to the trial.
- ② Provide details of the interruptions that affected the trial globally. There may not have been any global interruptions, so their presence is optional. If a global amendment is created it must have an interruption date and a description. The restart date is provided only if the trial was restarted globally after the interruption. There is sufficient provision to support the presence of any number of global interruptions and restarts to the trial.
- 3 Based on the conduct of the trial provide any limitations or caveats to the results of the trial.